Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
1.0 Natural Environment				
1.1 Fish and Fish Habitat				
1.1.1 Fish Habitat	Standard net effects to watercourses as outlined in the accompanying memo at the following:	Standard net effects to watercourses as outlined in the accompanying memo at the following:	Standard net effects to watercourses as outlined in the accompanying memo at the following:	Standard net effects to watercourses as outlined in the accompanying memo at the following:
	21 total potential water crossings: 1 intermittent, baitfish (coolwater) 13 intermittent, unconfirmed fish 7 ephemeral headwaters (no fish habitat) Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, offsetting / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Net effects include: Potential for required realignment of Etobicoke Creek intermittent tributaries parallel to Chinguacousy Rd within the proposed interchange	 21 total potential water crossings: 1 permanent, unconfirmed fish, coolwater 11 intermittent, unconfirmed fish 9 ephemeral headwaters (no fish habitat) Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, offsetting / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Net effects include: Unable to avoid the negative effects of structures on groundwater patterns Potential for required realignment of an Etobicoke Creek intermittent tributary parallel to Chinguacousy Rd within the proposed interchange 	20 total potential water crossings: 2 permanent, baitfish, coolwater 3 intermittent, unconfirmed fish 6 ephemeral headwaters (no fish habitat) Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, offsetting / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Net effects include: Unable to avoid the negative effects of structures on groundwater patterns Potential required realignment of main stem of Etobicoke Creek including a 90-degree bend requiring natural channel design and realignment of an Etobicoke Creek intermittent tributary parallel to Chinguacousy Rd within the proposed interchange	20 total potential water crossings: 1 intermittent, baitfish (coolwater) 13 intermittent, unconfirmed fish 6 ephemeral headwaters (no fish habitat) Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, offsetting / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Net effects include: Potential for required realignment of Etobicoke Creek intermittent tributaries parallel to Chinguacousy Rd within the proposed interchange
	LOW NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 3 rd	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 1st
	While this alternative has many potential crossings, all are either intermittent or ephemeral systems where standard mitigation should eliminate or minimize long term impacts.	This alternative has many potential crossings, including all but one permanent watercourse, while the remainder are intermittent or ephemeral systems. In addition, the presence of groundwater upwellings raises the sensitivity of this alternative.	This alternative has many potential water crossings, including two permanent watercourses, and it also includes the potential realignment of sections of natural, permanent creeks. Additionally, several groundwater upwellings were observed.	While this alternative has many potential crossings, all are either intermittent or ephemeral systems where standard mitigation should eliminate or minimize long term impacts.
1.1.2 Fish Community	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, offsetting / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects.	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, offsetting / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects.	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, offsetting / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects.	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, offsetting / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects.
	Net effects include: No known impacts to sensitive fish species or communities.	Net effects include: No known impacts to sensitive fish species or communities.	Net effects include: No known impacts to sensitive fish species or communities.	Net effects include: No known impacts to sensitive fish species or communities.
	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st Limited fish community distribution dominated by	RANKING: 3 rd Limited fish community distribution dominated by	RANKING: 4 th Limited fish community distribution dominated by	RANKING: 1 st Limited fish community distribution dominated by
	warmwater species resilient to disturbance. Ranking is based on habitat.	warmwater species resilient to disturbance. Ranking is based on habitat.	warmwater species resilient to disturbance. Ranking is based on habitat.	warmwater species resilient to disturbance. Ranking is based on habitat.

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2	Alternative S4-3	Alternative S4-4
1.2 Torrostrial Esseveteme		Summary of Potential	Net Effects and Ranking	
1.2.1 Wildlife and Wildlife Habitat	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Large portions of isolated wildlife habitats will be removed. Net effects include: • Major wildlife habitat features associated	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Large portions of isolated wildlife habitats will be removed. Net effects include: Major wildlife habitat features associated	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Large portions of isolated wildlife habitats will be removed. Net effects include: Major wildlife habitat features associated	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Large portions of isolated wildlife habitats will be removed. Net effects include: • Major wildlife habitat features associated
	with this alternative consist of 6 isolated patches evenly spaced throughout the alternative • Permanent loss of wildlife habitat including confirmed habitat for SAR and SCC and candidate SWH. • Landscape level movement corridors are identified. Local movement may occur along riparian corridors. The landscape surrounding these features is agricultural and generally permeable to wildlife movement. • Removals would represent ~19.7 ha loss of habitat with respect to patches affected by this alternative. • Reduction of wildlife habitat quality through indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including edge effects (e.g. increased light and noise and the introduction of pathways for invasive species) and increased potential for animal-vehicle collisions. • Removals would result in major removal, fragmentation and edge effects for all patches identified within the alternative. Loss of habitat would affect critical life stages through by removing habitat requirements (e.g. wetlands for amphibian breeding, forests for bat maternity colonies, etc.).	with this alternative consist of 8 isolated patches evenly spaced throughout the alternative. • Permanent loss of wildlife habitat including confirmed habitat for SAR and SCC, large tracts of candidate SWH and other areas for breeding and rearing of young (e.g. amphibian breeding habitat) • Landscape level movement corridors are identified. Local movement may occur along riparian corridors. The landscape surrounding these features is agricultural and generally permeable to wildlife movement. • Removals would represent ~20.2 ha loss of habitat with respect to patches affected by this alternative • Reduction of wildlife habitat quality through indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including edge effects (e.g. increased light and noise and the introduction of pathways for invasive species) and increased potential for animal-vehicle collisions • Removals would result in major removal, fragmentation and edge effects for all patches identified within the alternative. Loss of habitat would affect critical life stages through by removing habitat requirements (e.g. wetlands for amphibian breeding, forests for bat maternity colonies, etc.).	with this alternative consist of 8 isolated patches evenly spaced throughout the alternative. • Permanent loss of wildlife habitat including confirmed habitat for SAR and SCC, large tracts of candidate SWH and other areas for breeding and rearing of young (e.g. amphibian breeding habitat) • Landscape level movement corridors are identified. Local movement may occur along riparian corridors. The landscape surrounding these features is agricultural and generally permeable to wildlife movement. • Removals would represent ~28.1 ha loss of habitat with respect to patches affected by this alternative. • Reduction of wildlife habitat quality through indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including edge effects (e.g. increased light and noise and the introduction of pathways for invasive species) and increased potential for animal-vehicle collisions • Removals would result in major removal, fragmentation and edge effects for all patches identified within the alternative. Loss of habitat would affect critical life stages through by removing habitat requirements (e.g. wetlands for amphibian breeding, forests for bat maternity colonies, etc.).	with this alternative consist of 8 isolated patches evenly spaced throughout the alternative. Permanent loss of wildlife habitat including confirmed habitat for SAR and SCC, large tracts of candidate SWH and other areas for breeding and rearing of young (e.g. amphibian breeding habitat) Landscape level movement corridors are identified. Local movement may occur along riparian corridors. The landscape surrounding these features is agricultural and generally permeable to wildlife movement. Removals would represent ~18.2 ha loss of habitat with respect to patches affected by this alternative. Reduction of wildlife habitat quality through indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including edge effects (e.g. increased light and noise and the introduction of pathways for invasive species) and increased potential for animal-vehicle collisions. Removals would result in major removal, fragmentation and edge effects for all patches identified within the alternative. Loss of habitat would affect critical life stages through by removing habitat requirements (e.g. wetlands for amphibian breeding, forests for bat maternity colonies, etc.).
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 3 rd	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 1 st
	All alternatives affect wildlife habitat. This alternative will result in a large area of wildlife habitat removal. This alternative will remove a large candidate animal movement corridor associated with Etobicoke Creek West Branch.	All alternatives affect wildlife habitat. This alternative will result in the least amount of habitat removal.	All alternatives affect wildlife habitat. This alternative will result in the largest area of wildlife habitat including the candidate animal movement corridor and swamp and deciduous forest.	All alternatives affect wildlife habitat. This alternative will result habitat removal greater that that of S4-2.
1.2.2 Wetlands	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2	Alternative S4-3	Alternative S4-4
			Net Effects and Ranking	
	same as potential effects. Large portions of small existing communities will be removed.	same as potential effects. Large portions of existing unevaluated communities will be removed.	same as potential effects. Large portions of existing unevaluated communities will be removed.	same as potential effects. Large portions of existing unevaluated communities will be removed.
	 Net effects include: 1 PSW and 1 unevaluated wetland are affected by this alternative Removal of ~7.9 ha of wetland. Reduction in wetland quality through indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including edge effects (e.g. increased light, wind, road contaminants and the introduction of pathways for invasive species) and impacts to hydrologic and groundwater inputs that support these features The majority of adjacent lands affected include agricultural lands with little buffer functionality. However, adjacent land that provide buffer function when present are proposed for removal 	 Net effects include: 1 PSW and 1 LSW are affected by this alternative Removal of ~11.4 ha of wetland Significant removals to several larger, more contiguous wetlands communities throughout the section. Wetland features within the alternative are associated with moderately large isolated patches, made up of swamp, marsh and open water communities. Reduction in wetland quality through Indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including edge effects (e.g. increased light, wind, road contaminants and the introduction of pathways for invasive species) and impacts to hydrologic and groundwater inputs that support these features The majority of adjacent lands affected include agricultural lands with little buffer functionality. However, adjacent land that provide buffer function when present are proposed for removal. 	 Net effects include: 1 PSW, 1 LSW and 1 unevaluated wetland are affected by this alternative including ~13.3 ha Wetland features within the alternative are associated with moderately large isolated patches, made up of deciduous swamp, thicket swamp, marsh and open water communities. Reduction in wetland quality through Indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including edge effects (e.g. increased light, wind, road contaminants and the introduction of pathways for invasive species) and impacts to hydrologic and groundwater inputs that support these features The majority of adjacent lands affected include agricultural lands with little buffer functionality. However, adjacent land that provide buffer function when present are proposed for removal. 	 Net effects include: 1 PSW, 1 LSW and 1 unevaluated wetland are affected by this alternative including removal of ~7.5 ha Wetland features within the alternative are associated with moderately large isolated patches, made up of deciduous swamp, thicket swamp, marsh and open water communities. Reduction in wetland quality through Indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including edge effects (e.g. increased light, wind, road contaminants and the introduction of pathways for invasive species) and impacts to hydrologic and groundwater inputs that support these features The majority of adjacent lands affected include agricultural lands with little buffer functionality. However, adjacent land that provide buffer function when present are proposed for removal.
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 3 rd	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 2 nd
	All alternatives affect unevaluated wetlands. This alternative will affect a similar area of wetland compared to alternative S4-4 but will require less LSW removal.	All alternatives affect unevaluated wetlands. This alternative will result in the removal of less unevaluated wetland loss than alternative S4-3.	All alternatives affect unevaluated wetlands. This alternative will result in removal of a greater amount of larger wetland patches.	All alternatives affect unevaluated wetlands. This alternative will affect a similar area to alternative S4-1 but will result in more LSW being removed.
1.2.3 Woodlands and Vegetation	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Woodland features will be affected. Opportunities for reducing net effects are limited.	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Woodland features will be affected. Opportunities for reducing net effects are limited.	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Woodland features will be affected. Opportunities for reducing net effects are limited.	Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. Woodland features will be affected. Opportunities for reducing net effects are limited.
	 Net effects include: Removal of ~16.3 ha of vegetation communities including deciduous forest, and cultural plantation Five potentially significant woodlands (~16.3 ha) are affected by this alternative. No interior woodland habitat is impacted by this alternative. No significant valley lands are affected by this alternative. 	 Net effects include: Removal of ~ 16.4 ha of vegetation communities including forest, meadow and plantation Six potentially significant woodlands (~14.6 ha) are affected by this alternative. One interior woodland habitat is affected by this alternative. No significant valley lands are affected by this alternative. 	 Net effects include: Removal of ~24.3 ha of vegetation communities including forest and plantation. Four potentially significant woodlands (~22.1 ha) are affected by this alternative. Two interior woodland habitats are impacted by this alternative. No significant valley lands are affected by this alternative. 	 Net effects include: Removal of ~14.8 ha of vegetation communities including forest and plantation. Six potentially significant woodlands (~14.8 ha) are affected by this alternative. Two interior woodland habitats are impacted by this alternative. No significant valley lands are affected by this alternative.

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
1.2.4 Designated/Special/ Natural Areas	Reduction in vegetation community quality through Indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including effects from road contaminants (e.g. salt, heavy metals, sediment / debris), introduction of pathways for invasive species, edge / exposure impacts (e.g. canopy blow down) MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 2nd All alternatives will result in the removal of woodland and other vegetation communities. This alternative will require less woodland and other vegetation removal than S4-3. Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. There are no ESAs, ESPAs, ANSI or other designated areas within this alternative. There are no national or provincial parks within this alternative. There are no Conservation Authority lands within this alternative. There are no Conservation Authority lands within this alternative. There are no Policy Iral lands Protected Countryside (~27 ha of Natural Heritage System). Region of Peel Official Plan Designations - Intersects with 'Core Areas of Greenlands System' at two locations: partial removal of one woodlot and edge removal for the other. Town of Caledon Official Plan (Schedule A - Land Use Plan) - Intersects with Environmental Policy Areas at four locations, including fragmentation of four minor riparian zones.		Reduction in vegetation community quality through Indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including effects from road contaminants (e.g. salt, heavy metals, sediment / debris), introduction of pathways for invasive species, edge / exposure impacts (e.g. canopy blow down) HIGH NET EFFECT RANKING: 4th All alternatives will result in the removal of woodland and other vegetation communities. This alternative will require the greatest area of removal of woodland and other vegetation communities. Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. • There are no ESAs, ESPAs, ANSI or other designated areas within this alternative. • There are no conservation Authority lands within this alternative. • There are no Conservation Authority lands within this alternative. • There are no Policial Plan lands Protected Countryside – Natural Heritage System. • Region of Peel Official Plan Designations - Intersects with 'Core Areas of Greenlands System' at two locations: partial removal of one woodlot and significant removal of one woodlot and significant removal of one woodlot. • Town of Caledon Official Plan (Schedule A - Land Use Plan) - Intersects with Environmental Policy Areas at three locations, including fragmentation of three minor riparian zones. • Town of Caledon Official Plan (Schedule	Reduction in vegetation community quality through Indirect effects that cannot be fully mitigated including effects from road contaminants (e.g. salt, heavy metals, sediment / debris), introduction of pathways for invasive species, edge / exposure impacts (e.g. canopy blow down) MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st All alternatives will result in the removal of woodland and other vegetation communities. This alternative will result in the least amount of woodland and other vegetation removal. Net effects associated with the alternative are dependent on the ability to implement avoidance, mitigation, compensation / enhancement measures; until confirmed, net effects remain the same as potential effects. There are no ESAs, ESPAs, ANSI or other designated areas within this alternative. There are no ational or provincial parks within this alternative. There are no Conservation Authority lands within this alternative. There are no Conservation Authority lands within the Greenbelt Plan lands Protected Countryside (27 ha of Natural Heritage System). Region of Peel Official Plan Designations Intersects with 'Core Areas of Greenlands System' at two locations: partial removal for two woodlots Town of Caledon Official Plan (Schedule A - Land Use Plan) - Intersects with Environmental Policy Areas at four locations, including fragmentation of four minor riparian zones Town of Caledon Official Plan (Schedule B – Mayfield West Land Use Plan) -
	Town of Caledon Official Plan (Schedule B – Mayfield West Land Use Plan) - Intersects with Environmental Policy Areas at two locations, including fragmentation of two minor riparian zones	LUQUI NET EFFE OT	B – Mayfield West Land Use Plan) - Intersects with Environmental Policy Areas at three locations, including fragmentation of three minor riparian zones	Intersects with Environmental Policy Areas at two locations, including fragmentation of two minor riparian zones
	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	HIGH NET EFFECT RANKING: 4 th	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 3 rd	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st
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Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
	All alternatives have the potential to affect designated features such as Greenbelt, Greenlands and EPAs. This alternative will result in the lesser area of these features removal.	All alternatives have the potential to affect designated features such as Greenbelt, Greenlands and EPAs. This alternative will result in the greatest area of these features removal.	All alternatives have the potential to affect designated features such as Greenbelt, Greenlands and EPAs. This alternative will result in the greater area of these features removal.	All alternatives have the potential to affect designated features such as Greenbelt, Greenlands and EPAs. This alternative will result in the lesser area of these features removal.
1.3 Ecosystem Services	Relative ES Value	Relative ES Value	Relative ES Value	Relative ES Value
	ES Value Representation • Agriculture: 36%	ES Value Representation • Agriculture: 37%	ES Value Representation • Agriculture: 23%	ES Value Representation • Agriculture: 31%
	Natural Cover: 64% MODERATE NET EFFECT	Natural Cover: 63% MODERATE NET EFFECT	Natural Cover: 77% MODERATE NET EFFECT	Natural Cover: 69% MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 3 rd	RANKING: 2 nd
	All alternatives in S4 have moderate net effects using the Ecosystem Service (ES) Net Effects weighting. Differentiation between alternatives is generated by examining the land cover Relative ES Value impacts and the proportion of Natural Cover contribution to total ES value.	All alternatives in S4 have moderate net effects using the Ecosystem Service (ES) Net Effects weighting. Differentiation between alternatives is generated by examining the land cover Relative ES Value impacts and the proportion of Natural Cover contribution to total ES value.	All alternatives in S4 have moderate net effects using the Ecosystem Service (ES) Net Effects weighting. Differentiation between alternatives is generated by examining the land cover Relative ES Value impacts and the proportion of Natural Cover contribution to total ES value.	All alternatives in S4 have moderate net effects using the Ecosystem Service (ES) Net Effects weighting. Differentiation between alternatives is generated by examining the land cover Relative ES Value impacts and the proportion of Natural Cover contribution to total ES value.
	S4-1, S4-3 and S4-4 all have Moderate Land Cover ES impacts. Variation exists in the relative contribution of Natural Cover to total ES value. S4-1 has the lowest impact of these three alternatives to natural cover, making it the preferred alternative in S4.	S4-2 has a High Land Cover ES impact for Agriculture. No other alternative in S4 has a high land cover ES impact, making this the least preferred alternative in S4.	S4-1, S4-3 and S4-4 all have Moderate Land Cover ES impacts. Variation exists in the relative contribution of Natural Cover to total ES value. S4-3 has the highest impact of these three alternatives to natural cover, making it the third least preferred alternative in S4.	S4-1, S4-3 and S4-4 all have Moderate Land Cover ES impacts. Variation exists in the relative contribution of Natural Cover to total ES value. S4-4 has the second lowest impact of these three alternatives to natural cover, making it the second preferred alternative in S4.
1.4 Groundwater				
1.4.1 Areas of Groundwater Recharge or Discharge	 Low net effect to groundwater recharge and discharge in 12 ha of high permeability surficial sediments. 	 Low net effect to groundwater recharge and discharge in 9 ha of high permeability surficial sediments. 	 Low net effect to groundwater recharge and discharge in 11 ha of high permeability surficial sediments. 	 Low net effect to groundwater recharge and discharge in 12 ha of high permeability surficial sediments.
	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
1.4.2 Groundwater Source Areas and	Comparable with all other alternatives. NO NET EFFECT	Comparable with all other alternatives. NO NET EFFECT	Comparable with all other alternatives. NO NET EFFECT	Comparable with all other alternatives. NO NET EFFECT.
Wellhead Protection Areas	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1 st
	No relative ranking; effect on indicator is not present for any alternatives.	No relative ranking; effect on indicator is not present for any alternatives.	No relative ranking; effect on indicator is not present for any alternatives.	No relative ranking; effect on indicator is not present for any alternatives.
1.4.3 Large Volume Wells	One large volume well requiring decommissioning.	One large volume well requiring decommissioning.	The effects are anticipated to be negligible	One large volume well requiring decommissioning.
	LOW NET EFFECT RANKING: 2 nd	LOW NET EFFECT RANKING: 2 nd	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	LOW NET EFFECT RANKING: 2 nd
	One large volume well requiring decommissioning.	One large volume well requiring decommissioning.	No presence of large volume well. No net effects	One large volume well requiring decommissioning.
1.4.4 Private Wells	Potential reduction in water quality to 2 shallow wells due to the use of road salt on new highway/interchange resulting in	Potential reduction in water quality to 2 shallow wells due to the use of road salt on new highway/interchange resulting in	Potential reduction in water quality to 4 shallow wells due to the use of road salt on new highway/interchange resulting in	Potential reduction in water quality to 1 shallow well due to the use of road salt on new highway/interchange resulting in a

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
	a potential reduction in water quality. At least 13 wells require decommissioning.	a potential reduction in water quality. At least 22 wells require decommissioning.	a potential reduction in water quality. At least 26 wells require decommissioning.	potential reduction in water quality. At least 21 wells require decommissioning.
	LOW NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 3 rd	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 3 rd	LOW NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st
	This alternative has a few shallow wells and	This alternative has a few shallow wells and	This alternative has a few shallow wells and	This alternative has a few shallow wells and fewer
1.4.5 Groundwater-Dependent Commercial Enterprises	fewer wells to be removed. • Potential to adversely affect 1 groundwater-dependent commercial enterprise.	higher number of wells to be removed. Potential to adversely affect 1 groundwater-dependent commercial enterprise.	higher number of wells to be removed. Potential to adversely affect 1 groundwater-dependent commercial enterprise.	wells to be removed. No net effect to groundwater-dependent commercial enterprises. NO NET EFFECT
	LOW NET EFFECT RANKING: 2 nd	LOW NET EFFECT RANKING: 2 nd	LOW NET EFFECT RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 1st
	One (1) groundwater-dependent commercial enterprise located within highway/interchange footprint and may require decommissioning.	One (1) groundwater-dependent commercial enterprise located within highway/interchange footprint and may require decommissioning.	One (1) groundwater-dependent commercial enterprise located within highway/interchange footprint and may require decommissioning.	No ground-water dependent commercial enterprises within study area.
1.4.6 Groundwater-Sensitive Ecosystems	 Moderate net effect to groundwater- sensitive ecosystems due to the presences of 1 pond, wetland headwaters, 1.3 ha of unevaluated wetland and 12 watercourse crossings within highway corridor. 	Low net effect to groundwater-sensitive ecosystems due to the presences of 1 pond, wetland headwaters, 0.1 ha of unevaluated wetland and 17 watercourse crossings within highway corridor.	Moderate net effect to groundwater- sensitive ecosystems due to the presences of 1 pond, wetland headwaters, 2.9 ha of unevaluated wetland and 16 watercourse crossings within highway corridor.	Moderate net effect to groundwater- sensitive ecosystems due to the presences of 1 pond, wetland headwaters, 1.9 ha of unevaluated wetland and 11 watercourse crossings within highway corridor.
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 2 nd
1.5 Surface Water	Similar to S4-3 and S4-4	Lowest area coverage of wetland.	Similar to S4-1 and S4-4	Similar to S4-1 and S4-3.
1.5.1 Watershed / Subwatershed Drainage Features / Patterns	All watercourse crossings are close to perpendicular and some minor watercourse crossings can be eliminated. Net effect is common and straightforward and easily mitigated.	 15 watercourse crossings included in fluvial geomorphology assessment. Crossings are for the most part all perpendicular and can be mitigated with culverts. A number of the minor watercourses (up to 6) would be candidates for removal with function replicated in SWM design. The Chinguacousy/Old School Road interchange would have to have design components for open watercourse features to qualify as an enhancement. Generally, mitigable effects with the exception of the interchange which is a significant effect and will be costly to mitigate from a fluvial perspective. 	 Minor watercourse crossings are near perpendicular to the roadway and can be mitigated through culverts. The moderate crossings are also perpendicular and can use culverts but the sinuosity of two of them would require wider spans. The interchange watercourses designated as minor can be removed and have their function replaced with SWM contributions. The moderate watercourse could take some additional flow from one of the minor watercourses. Net effect straightforward and easily mitigated. 	 All watercourse crossings are close to perpendicular so mitigation with culverts is straightforward. Some minor watercourses can be eliminated and the downstream function met with stormwater drainage. Chinguacousy interchange effects can be mitigated through realignments of the watercourse tributary junction. Net effect is straightforward and easily mitigated.
	LOW NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 2 nd
	As the most northerly option, S4-1 requires crossings at upper sections of the watercourses, resulting in smaller culverts and more opportunities for diversions.	Large footprint for interchange creates a greater number of additional surface water impacts that will require attention / intervention.	Smaller net effect resulting from interchange than S4-2.	Smaller net effect resulting from interchange than S4-2.

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
1.5.2 Surface Water Quality and Quantity	 Introduces 55 ha impervious area to Etobicoke Creek watershed. Medium impacts on quality through direct and indirect discharges of contaminated and sediment-laden runoff, thermal impact on the coolwater system. Medium impacts on hydrology due to changes in ground permeability. Low impacts on modifications to surface drainage patterns and alterations of waterbodies. 	 Introduces 55 ha impervious area to Etobicoke Creek watershed. Medium impacts on quality through direct and indirect discharges of contaminated and sediment-laden run-off, thermal impact on the coolwater system. Medium impacts on hydrology due to changes in ground permeability. Low impacts on modifications to surface drainage patterns and alterations of waterbodies. 	 Introduces 54 ha impervious area to Etobicoke Creek watershed. Medium impacts on quality through direct and indirect discharges of contaminated and sediment-laden run-off, thermal impact on the coolwater system. Medium impacts on hydrology due to changes in ground permeability. Low impacts on modifications to surface drainage patterns and alterations of waterbodies. 	 Introduces 54 ha impervious area to Etobicoke Creek watershed. Medium impacts on quality through direct and indirect discharges of contaminated and sediment-laden run-off, thermal impact on the coolwater system. Medium impacts on hydrology due to changes in ground permeability. Low impacts on modifications to surface drainage patterns and alterations of waterbodies.
	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st
	NAMMO. I			
4 C Air Overlite and Olimente Olegense	Similar net effect as other alternatives.	Similar net effect as other alternatives.	Similar net effect as other alternatives.	Similar net effect as other alternatives.
1.6 Air Quality and Climate Change 1.6.1 Local and regional air quality	Some residences on Heritage Rd.,	Some residences on Heritage Rd.,	Some residences on Heritage Rd.,	Some residences on Mississauga Rd.,
impacts; greenhouse gas emissions	Mississauga Rd., Creditview Rd., Chinguacousy Rd., and McLaughlin Rd. are anticipated to be close enough to experience a change in air quality, but pollutants will remain within acceptable levels.	Mississauga Rd., Creditview Rd., Chinguacousy Rd., and McLaughlin Rd. are anticipated to be close enough to experience a change in air quality, but pollutants will remain within acceptable levels.	Mississauga Rd., Creditview Rd., Chinguacousy Rd., and McLaughlin Rd. are anticipated to be close enough to experience a change in air quality, but pollutants will remain within acceptable levels.	Creditview Rd., Chinguacousy Rd., and McLaughlin Rd. are anticipated to be close enough to experience a change in air quality, but pollutants will remain within acceptable levels.
	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 1st
	S4-1, S4-2 and S4-3 have similar number of affected residences.	S4-1, S4-2 and S4-3 have similar number of affected residences.	S4-1, S4-2 and S4-3 have similar number of affected residences.	Slightly fewer affected residences than other alternatives. This alternative also contributes to the shortest overall corridor length, thus reducing regional emissions of GHG and air pollutants.
2.0 Land Use / Socio-Economic Environ				
2.1 Land Use Planning Policies, Goals, 2.1.1 Indigenous Land Claims	Treaties including Nanfan (1701), Treaty 3 (1795), Treaty 3.75 (1795), Treaty 13 (1805), Treaty 13A (1805), Treaty 18, 1818, Treaty 19 (1918), Williams Treaty (1923), as well as various Assertions and Claims.	Treaties including Nanfan (1701), Treaty 3 (1795), Treaty 3.75 (1795), Treaty 13 (1805), Treaty 13A (1805), Treaty 18, 1818, Treaty 19 (1918), Williams Treaty (1923), as well as various Assertions and Claims.	Treaties including Nanfan (1701), Treaty 3 (1795), Treaty 3.75 (1795), Treaty 13 (1805), Treaty 13A (1805), Treaty 18, 1818, Treaty 19 (1918), Williams Treaty (1923), as well as various Assertions and Claims.	Treaties including Nanfan (1701), Treaty 3 (1795), Treaty 3.75 (1795), Treaty 13 (1805), Treaty 13A (1805), Treaty 18, 1818, Treaty 19 (1918), Williams Treaty (1923), as well as various Assertions and Claims.
	 Additional Indigenous Assertions and/or Claims may be filed and/or proven at any time. 	 Additional Indigenous Assertions and/or Claims may be filed and/or proven at any time. 	 Additional Indigenous Assertions and/or Claims may be filed and/or proven at any time. 	 Additional Indigenous Assertions and/or Claims may be filed and/or proven at any time.
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st No difference between alternatives.	RANKING: 1 st No difference between alternatives.	RANKING: 1 st No difference between alternatives.	RANKING: 1 st No difference between alternatives.
2.1.2 Provincial / Federal Land Use Planning Policies / Goals / Objectives	 Impacts PPS agriculture, employment and housing policies. Impacts 153 hectares of Agricultural lands. Impacts 27 hectares of Greenbelt lands Protected Countryside (22.6 hectares Natural Heritage System). Impact to Agricultural System. 	Impacts PPS agriculture, employment and housing policies. Impacts 125 hectares of Agricultural lands. Impacts 57 hectares of Greenbelt lands Protected Countryside (12.2 hectares Natural Heritage System). Impact to Agricultural System.	Impacts PPS agriculture, employment, public space and recreation, and housing policies. Impacts 150 hectares of Agricultural lands. Impacts 23 hectares of Greenbelt lands Protected Countryside-Natural Heritage System.	 Impacts PPS agriculture, employment, public space and recreation, and housing policies. Impacts 148 hectares of Agricultural lands. Impacts 27 hectares of Greenbelt lands Protected Countryside (22.6 hectares Natural Heritage System). Impact to Agricultural System.

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
		Could establish a long-term urban-rural edge.	 Greater impact on Agricultural System but could establish a long-term urban- rural edge. 	
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
	High impact on Agricultural lands and System and low impact on Greenbelt lands.	High impact on Greenbelt lands and moderate impact on Agricultural lands and System.	High impact on Agricultural lands and System and low impact on Greenbelt lands.	High impact on Agricultural lands and System with low impact on Greenbelt lands.
2.1.3 Municipal (local and regional) Land Use Planning Policies / Goals / Objectives	 Impacts 153 hectares of Agricultural lands. Impacts 26 hectares of future urban development lands. Impacts 2 hectares of Environmental Policy Area. Impacts 34.6 hectares of Mayfield West Secondary Plan (ROPA 29): future urban development to include a mix of residential and employment and development with general commercial. 	 Impacts 125 hectares of Agricultural lands. Impacts 0.3 hectares of Mayfield West Secondary Plan (ROPA 29): future urban development to include a mix of residential and employment and development with general commercial. 	 Impacts 150 hectares of Agricultural lands. Impacts 33 hectares of future urban development lands. Impacts 4 hectares of Environmental Policy Area. Impacts 51.78 hectares of Mayfield West Secondary Plan: future urban development to include a mix of residential and employment and development with general commercial. 	 Impacts 148 hectares of Agricultural lands. Impacts 26 hectares of future urban development lands. Impacts 2 hectares of Environmental Policy Area. Impacts 34.6 hectares of Mayfield West Secondary Plan: future urban development to include a mix of residential and employment and development with general commercial.
	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 3 rd	HIGH NET EFFECT RANKING: 4 th	MODERATE NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st
	High impact on agricultural lands and System and a moderate impact on the future development of the Mayfield West Secondary Plan.	Proposed interchange at Old School Road has a high impact on the use of Agricultural Lands and System. Low impact on the future development of the Mayfield West Secondary Plan.	High impact on agricultural lands and System and the future development of Mayfield West Secondary Plan.	High impact on agricultural lands and System and a moderate impact on the future development of Mayfield West Secondary Plan.
2.1.4 Development Objectives of Private Property Owners	Likely interest to develop in the Mayfield West Secondary Plan area.	Likely interest to develop lands but no applications made because of the GTA West Study Area.	Likely interest to develop in the Mayfield West Secondary Plan area.	Likely interest to develop in the Mayfield West Secondary Plan area.
	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st Possibility through design refinements to reduce the amount of future urban development lands impacted for Mayfield West Secondary Plan; however, would have a collateral impact on Greenbelt and Agricultural lands. Potential to further reduce FAA to allow for development.	RANKING: 1 st Impact to future potential development can be reduced by removing property from the FAA to allow for development.	RANKING: 4 th Possibility through design refinements to reduce the amount of future urban development lands impacted for Mayfield West Secondary Plan; however, would have a collateral impact on Greenbelt and Agricultural lands. Potential to further reduce FAA to allow for development.	Possibility through design refinements to reduce the amount of future urban development lands impacted for Mayfield West Secondary Plan; however, would have a collateral impact on Greenbelt and Agricultural lands. Potential to further reduce FAA to allow for development.
2.2 Land Use – Community				
2.2.1 First Nation Reserves	No reserves in study area.	No reserves in study area.	No reserves in study area.	No reserves in study area.
	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st
	No difference between alternatives.	No difference between alternatives.	No difference between alternatives.	No difference between alternatives.
2.2.2 Indigenous Sacred Areas	No known or reported Indigenous Sacred Areas.	No known or reported Indigenous Sacred Areas.	No known or reported Indigenous Sacred Areas.	 No known or reported Indigenous Sacred Areas.
	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st
	No difference between alternatives.	No difference between alternatives.	No difference between alternatives.	No difference between alternatives.

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
2.2.3 Urban and Rural Residential Uses and Properties	10 residential properties impacted (2.48 ha).	11 residential properties impacted.	17 residential properties impacted.	14 residential properties impacted.
and riopoidos	LOW NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 2 nd
	Impacts a low number of residential dwellings.	Impacts the lowest moderate number of residential dwellings. Interchange at Chinguacousy Rd. would result in more impacts.	Impacts the highest number of residential dwellings.	Impacts the highest moderate number of residential dwellings.
2.2.4 Commercial/ Industrial Uses and Properties	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts	1 property impacted (Gro Bark).
	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 4 th
	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Impacts a portion of Gro Bark lands but not the building; design refinements could reduce the impacts.
2.2.5 Recreational Areas and Tourist Attractions	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts
/ Kardonono	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.
2.2.6 Community Facilities / Institutions	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts
	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.
2.2.7 Municipal Infrastructure and Public Service Facilities	Impacts GO Transit line.	Impacts GO Transit line.	Impacts GO Transit line.	Impacts GO Transit line.
	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	All alternatives require 1 rail line crossing. Impacts can be mitigated through design refinements.	All alternatives require 1 rail line crossing. Impacts can be mitigated through design refinements.	All alternatives require 1 rail line crossing. Impacts can be mitigated through design refinements.	All alternatives require 1 rail line crossing. Impacts can be mitigated through design refinements.
2.3 Noise Sensitive Areas (NSA's)				
2.3.1 Transportation Noise	Some residences on Heritage Rd., Mississauga Rd., Creditview Rd., Chinguacousy Rd., and McLaughlin Rd. are anticipated to be close enough to experience a significant change in noise.	Several residences on Heritage Rd., Mississauga Rd., Creditview Rd., Chinguacousy Rd., and McLaughlin Rd. are anticipated to be close enough to experience a significant change in noise.	Several residences on Heritage Rd., Mississauga Rd., Creditview Rd., Chinguacousy Rd., and McLaughlin Rd. are anticipated to be close enough to experience a significant change in noise.	 Several residences on Mississauga Rd., Creditview Rd., Chinguacousy Rd., and McLaughlin Rd. are anticipated to be close enough to experience a significant change in noise.
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 3 rd	RANKING: 3 rd	RANKING: 2 nd
	Fewest affected residences.	More affected residences than S4-1 and S4-4. Similar to S4-3.	More affected residences than S4-1 and S4-4. Similar to S4-2.	Slightly more affected residences than S4-1.
2.4 Land Use – Resources				
2.4.1 Indigenous Treaty Rights and Land Use Management	Treaties including Nanfan (1701), Treaty 3 (1795), Treaty 3.75 (1795), Treaty 13 (1805),	Treaties including Nanfan (1701), Treaty 3 (1795), Treaty 3.75 (1795), Treaty 13 (1805),	Treaties including Nanfan (1701), Treaty 3 (1795), Treaty 3.75 (1795), Treaty 13 (1805),	Treaties including Nanfan (1701), Treaty 3 (1795), Treaty 3.75 (1795), Treaty 13 (1805), Treaty 13A
	Treaty 13A (1805), Treaty 18, 1818, Treaty 19	Treaty 13A (1805), Treaty 18, 1818, Treaty 19	Treaty 13A (1805), Treaty 18, 1818, Treaty 19	(1805), Treaty 18, 1818, Treaty 19 (1918), Williams

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
	(1918), Williams Treaty (1923), as well as various Assertions and Claims.	(1918), Williams Treaty (1923), as well as various Assertions and Claims.	(1918), Williams Treaty (1923), as well as various Assertions and Claims.	Treaty (1923), as well as various Assertions and Claims.
	 Additional Indigenous Assertions and/or Claims may be filed and/or proven at any time. 	 Additional Indigenous Assertions and/or Claims may be filed and/or proven at any time. 	 Additional Indigenous Assertions and/or Claims may be filed and/or proven at any time. 	 Additional Indigenous Assertions and/or Claims may be filed and/or proven at any time.
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
2.4.2 Agriculture / Specialty Crop	No difference between alternatives.	No difference between alternatives.	No difference between alternatives.	No difference between alternatives.
Removal or sterilization of Class 1 - 3 agricultural lands	 Loss of 139.6 ha of Class 1 – 3 lands 	 Loss of 174.0 ha of Class 1 – 3 lands 	 Loss of 119.0 ha of Class 1 – 3 lands 	● Loss of 131.8 ha of Class 1 – 3 lands
Specialty Crops/Cropland affected	No effect	No effect	No effect	No effect
Cropland affected	Loss of 26.2 ha of small grain cropland Loss of 61.1 ha of common field cropland Loss of 33.6 ha of pasture/forage cropland	Loss of 31.5 ha of small grain cropland Loss of 98.1 ha of common field cropland Loss of 19.4 ha of pasture/forage cropland Loss of 20.4 ha of plowed cropland	Loss of 10.0 ha of small grain cropland Loss of 54.2 ha of common field cropland Loss of 22.6 ha of plowed cropland Loss of 20.6 ha of pasture/forage cropland	Loss of 14.9 ha of small grain cropland Loss of 71.1 ha of common field cropland Loss of 28.2 ha of pasture/forage cropland
Livestock operations affected	 Six livestock operations affected (dairy, sheep/beef, poultry, horse (2), beef) (land for four, buildings for two) 	Eight livestock operations affected (3 beef, dairy, horse (2), poultry/beef, poultry) (land only for six, land and buildings for two)	 Six livestock operations affected (dairy, beef, poultry, poultry/beef, horse, beef) (loss of land for five, loss of land and buildings for one) 	 Six livestock operations affected (dairy, beef, poultry, horse (2), beef) (three for loss of land only, three for loss of land and buildings)
Loss of agricultural buildings	Loss of large pole barn, two small pole barns, two forage storage structures, loss of indoor riding arena, two machine sheds, three farm residential units	Loss of large pole barn with two small feed bins, large bank barn, plastic covered storage building, metal clad pole building, shed and farm residential unit, medium size pole building	Loss small pole barn, two plastic covered structures, one farm residential unit	Loss of large bank barn, large machine shed (with extension), two sheds, small pole barn, two silos, large pole building, farm residential unit, two pole buildings, farm residential unit, indoor riding arena, pole barn with addition, large pole barn, farm residential unit, small pole barn, two plastic covered structures, farm residential unit
Agricultural buildings within 50 m	One small shed	No effect	Four pole barns, one machine shed, one farm residential unit, one large bank barn, one large pole barn with two feed bins, one metal chad pole building, one plastic covered structure, one farm residential unit	No effect
Field crop operations affected	Six crop operations affected	Twelve crop operations affected	Four crop operations affected	Five crop operations affected
Farm properties greater than 20 ha affected	Twelve farm properties greater than 20 ha affected	Thirteen farm properties greater than 20 ha affected	Nine farm properties greater than 20 ha affected	Twelve farm properties greater than 20 ha affected
 Farm properties less than 20 ha affected 	Four farm properties less than 20 ha affected	Fifteen farm properties less than 20 ha affected	Six farm properties less than 20 ha affected	Seven farm properties less than 20 ha affected

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2	Alternative S4-3	Alternative S4-4
Severed parcels greater than 20 ha created	Six severed parcels greater than 20 ha created	Seven severed parcels greater than 20 ha created	 Four severed parcels greater than 20 ha created 	Three severed parcels greater than 20 ha created
Severed parcels less than 20 ha created	Thirteen severed parcels less than 20 ha created	Eighteen severed parcels less than 20 ha created	Eleven severed parcels less than 20 ha created	Twelve severed parcels less than 20 ha created
Landlocked parcels created	Three landlocked parcels created	Six landlocked parcels created	Four landlocked parcels created	Seven landlocked parcels created
High investment operations affected	Three high investment operations affected (land only)	 Five high investment operations affected (land only for four land and buildings for one) 	 Four high investment operations affected (dairy, beef, poultry, poultry/beef) (loss of land only) 	Three high investment operations affected (two for land only, one for land and buildings)
Farm equipment transportation routes affected	No effect	No effect	No effect	No effect
Division of agricultural community areas	No effect	No effect	No effect	No effect
Loss of tile drainage	Loss of 23.9 ha of tile drainage (systematic)	 Loss of 27.4 ha of tile drainage (systematic) 	 Loss of 26.0 ha of tile drainage (systematic) and 3.1 ha of tile drainage (random) 	 Loss of 13.5 ha of tile drainage (systematic)
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 3 rd
	 Loss of 139.6 ha of Class 1 – 3 lands Six livestock operations affected Three high investment operations affected (land only) Loss of 23.9 ha of tile drainage 	 Loss of 174.0 ha of Class 1 – 3 lands Loss of greatest quantity of cropland Greatest number of cropland properties affected Greatest number of severed parcels created Eight livestock operations affected Five high investment operations affected (land only for four, land and buildings for two) Loss of 27.4 ha of tile drainage 	 Loss of 119.0 ha of Class 1 – 3 lands Fewest number of farm properties affected Fewest number of landlocked parcels created Six livestock operations affected Four high investment operations affected (land only) Loss of 26.0 ha of tile drainage (systematic) and 3.1 ha (random) 	 Loss of 131.8 ha of Class 1 – 3 lands Six livestock operations affected Greatest loss of agricultural buildings No additional agricultural buildings within 50 m Three high investment operations affected (two for land only, one for land and buildings) Loss of 13.5 ha of tile drainage
2.4.3 Recreation	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts
	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1 st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st
2.4.4 Aggregate and Mineral Resources	Does not have any impacts. No impacts	Does not have any impacts. No impacts	Does not have any impacts. No impacts	Does not have any impacts. No impacts
2.4.4 Aggregate and Milleral Nesources	·	·	·	·
	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st	NO NET EFFECT RANKING: 1st
	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.
2.5 Major Utility Transmission Corridors		2000 Hot Have any impacts.	2000 Hot have any impacto.	2000 Hot have any impacts.
2.5.1 Major Existing Utility Transmission Corridors and Pipelines	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts
·	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.
2.5.2 Major Proposed Utility Transmission Corridors and Pipelines	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts
· ·	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.	Does not have any impacts.
2.6 Contaminated Property and Waste	Properties within alternative:	Properties within alternative:	Properties within alternative:	Properties within alternative:
Management	 One (1) CPR rail line. 	 One (1) CPR rail line; 	 One (1) CPR rail line; 	One (1) CPR rail line;
		 One (1) light industrial property. 	 One (1) light industrial property. 	One (1) commercial/ light industrial
	Properties within 250 m of alternative:	December 11 to 12	Description within OFO we of allowed the	property.
	One (1) CPR rail line;	Properties within 250 m of alternative:	Properties within 250 m of alternative:	Dramartica within 250 m of alternatives
	 One (1) light industrial property. 	One (1) CPR rail line; One (1) light industrial property.	One (1) CPR rail line; One (1) light industrial property.	Properties within 250 m of alternative: • One (1) CPR rail line;
		One (1) light industrial property. One (1) registered waste management.	One (1) light industrial property. One (1) registered waste management.	One (1) CFR fail line,One (1) light industrial property;
		 One (1) registered waste management facility within 100 m of the alternative; 	 One (1) registered waste management facility within 5 m of the alternative; 	One (1) institutional property.
		One (1) institutional property.	One (1) institutional property.	One (1) institutional property.
	LOW NET EFFECT	One (1) institutional property.	Offic (1) institutional property.	MODERATE NET EFFECT
		MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 4 th
	One property of medium concern to be directly	Two properties of medium concern to be directly	Two properties of medium concern to be directly	One property of high concern and one property of
	impacted; two properties of medium concern to	impacted; three properties of medium concern to	impacted; three properties of medium concern to be indirectly impacted. Same properties as	medium concern to be directly impacted; three
	be indirectly impacted.	be indirectly impacted. Same properties as Alternative S4-3	Alternative S4-2	properties of medium concern to be indirectly impacted.
2.7 Landscape Composition		/ itemative on o	7 Itomative 64 2	impactou.
2.7.1 Terrain	 Predominantly flat, level topography with agricultural land use (most of alternative designated agricultural; crosses two small portions of protected Greenbelt towards the east). A total of 21 watercourse crossings and associated floodplains are impacted by this alternative. 1 LSW is impacted by this alternative 1 PSW is impacted by this alternative 	 Much of alternative consists of flat, level topography and agricultural land use (most of alternative designated agricultural; crosses one small portion and one large area of protected Greenbelt at the east end of the section). Alternative crosses a total of 18 watercourses 1 PSW is impacted by this alternative 1 LSW is impacted by this alternative 	 Predominantly flat, level topography throughout alternative with agricultural land use (most of alternative designated agricultural; crosses two small portions of protected Greenbelt towards the east as well as a Future Urban area) Alternative crosses portions of 20 watercourses throughout section 1 LSW is affected by this alternative 1 PSW is affected by this alternative 1 unevaluated wetland is affected by this alternative 	 Predominantly flat, level topography with agricultural land use (most of alternative designated agricultural; crosses two small portions of protected Greenbelt towards the east). Alternative crosses portions of 20 watercourses and associated floodplains throughout section 1 LSW is affected by this alternative 1 PSW is affected by this alternative 1 unevaluated wetland is affected by this alternative
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 3 rd
	Alternative has fewest overall effects on	Similar to S4-1; however, a few additional effects	Alternative has greatest effects on existing	Similar to S4-3; however, somewhat fewer overall
	topographic character and existing land use	to topographic character / drainage patterns.	topography and land use patterns. Largest area	effects to topographic character. similar amount of
	patterns. Least amount of wetland impacted.	Slightly more wetland impacted.	of wetland impacted	wetland as alternative S4-1.
2.7.2 Vegetation	Alternative interrupts connectivity of 2 vegetated corridors associated with watercourses toward north end of alternative (combination of woody vegetation and open/ meadow vegetation)	Alternative impacts/ interrupts 6 potentially significant woodland areas (approx. 15.0 ha in total)	Alternative interrupts connectivity of 2 vegetated corridors associated with watercourses toward north end of alternative (combination of woody vegetation and open/ meadow	Alternative interrupts connectivity of 2 vegetated corridors associated with watercourses toward north end of alternative (combination of woody vegetation and open / meadow vegetation)

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 3 rd
	Similar to S4-2 in terms of overall effects; however, this alternative has less effect to forested area at west end of section, but has	This alternative has less overall amount of disruption to connectivity of established vegetation communities; however, this alternative	Alternative affects the highest overall area of woodland vegetation.	Large amounts of potentially significant woodland areas are affected by this alternative.
	greater impacts to vegetation connectivity at east end.	has greater disruptions to vegetation connectivity, including on forest at west end of alternative.		
2.7.3 Visual Impacts	 Diminished aesthetic quality of scenic views, reduced visual impact through mitigation/compensation measures. Sporadic sensitive viewers along Mississauga Rd. (5 farm/residential properties, 5 residential properties). Sporadic sensitive viewers on Creditview Rd. (2 residential/farm properties to the north, 2 residential/farm properties to the south, cluster of 9 residential properties). Additional sensitive viewers include 2 residential properties on Chinguacousy Rd., 3 residential properties and 3 residential/farm properties on McLaughlin Rd. Generally low landscape absorptivity due to level topography and open agricultural land; some opportunities for integration into existing wooded areas and hedgerows at both west and east edges of alternative. 	 Diminished aesthetic quality of scenic views, reduced visual impact through mitigation/compensation measures. Sensitive viewers include: 2 residential / farm properties and 1 commercial property on Mississauga Rd.; 1 residential / farm property, cluster of 9 residential properties and another cluster of 4 residential properties on Creditview Rd.; cluster of 8 residential properties on Old School Rd.; 4 residential / farm properties and 3 residential properties on Chinguacousy Rd.; 2 residential / farm properties and 4 residential clusters (totalling 13 properties) on McLaughlin 	 Diminished aesthetic quality of scenic views, reduced visual impact through mitigation/compensation measures. Sensitive viewers include: 2 residential/ farm properties and 1 commercial property on Mississauga Rd.; 1 residential/ farm property, cluster of 9 residential properties and another cluster of 2 residential properties on Creditview Rd.; 1 residential/ farm properties and 5 residential properties on Chinguacousy Rd.; 1 residential/ farm property and 2 residential properties on McLaughlin Rd. Generally low landscape absorptivity due to level topography and open agricultural land; some opportunities for integration into existing wooded areas and hedgerows at both west and east edges of alternative, as well as some small woodlot clusters mid-section 	 Diminished aesthetic quality of scenic views, reduced visual impact through mitigation/compensation measures. Sensitive viewers include 1 commercial property, 2 residential/farm properties, 4 residential properties on Mississauga Rd. Sporadic sensitive viewers on Creditview Rd. (2 residential/farm properties to the north, 2 residential/farm properties to the south, cluster of 9 residential properties). Additional sensitive viewers include 2 residential properties on Chinguacousy Rd., 3 residential properties and 3 residential/farm properties on McLaughlin Rd. Generally low landscape absorptivity due to level topography and open agricultural land; some opportunities for integration into existing wooded areas and hedgerows at both west and east edges of alternative.
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 3 rd	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 2 nd
	Alternative has moderate number of sensitive viewers affected as compared to other alternatives.	Alternative has greatest overall number of sensitive viewers affected.	Alternative has fewest overall number of sensitive viewers affected.	Alternative has moderate number of sensitive viewers affected as compared to other alternatives.
2.7.4 Aesthetics	 Open vistas across agricultural land (crops) throughout much of alternative, broken up by a few wooded areas at west and east end of section. More gently undulating topography and increased vegetation provides more scenic interest at east end of alternative. 	 Open vistas across agricultural land (crops) throughout much of alternative, broken up by a few wooded areas at west and east end of section. More gently undulating topography and increased vegetation provides more scenic interest at east end of alternative. 	 Open vistas across agricultural land (crops) throughout much of alternative, broken up by a few wooded areas at west and east end of section. More gently undulating topography and increased vegetation provides more scenic interest at east end of alternative 	 Open vistas across agricultural land (crops) throughout much of alternative, broken up by a few wooded areas at west and east end of section. More gently undulating topography and increased vegetation provides more scenic interest at east end of alternative
	LOW NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	MODERATE NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 3 rd	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 2 nd

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2	Alternative S4-3	Alternative S4-4
	Alternative I and a second second II offer to		Net Effects and Ranking	0: 11 1 04 4 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
	Alternative has fewest overall effects on aesthetic quality, as well as opportunities for	Alternative has moderate effects on aesthetic quality as compared to other alternatives.	Alternative has greatest overall effects on aesthetic quality of existing landscapes.	Similar to S4-1 with opportunities for scenic views over creek crossing areas.
	scenic views over creek crossing areas.	quality as compared to other alternatives.	aestrietic quality of existing landscapes.	Over creek crossing areas.
3.0 Cultural Environment	Scenic views over creek crossing areas.			
3.1 Built Heritage Resources and Cultu	ural Heritage Landscapes			
3.1.1 Built Heritage Resources	There are four (4) potential (BHR 095,	There are five (5) potential (BHR 093,	There are two (2) listed (BHR 119 and	There are four (4) listed (BHR 093, BHR
om Bant Homago Hoodardoo	BHR 113, BHR 114 and BHR 112) BHRs	BHR 094, BHR 100, BHR 113, BHR 114)	BHR 112) and six (6) potential (BHR	094, BHR 113 and BHR 114) and one (1)
	affected by this alternative.	BHRs affected by this alternative.	093, 094, 100, 111, 113 and 114) BHRs	potential (BHR 112) BHRs affected by this
			affected by this alternative.	alternative.
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 2 nd	RANKING: 2 nd
			i a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	10
	There are four (4) potential BHRs affected by this	There are five (5) potential BHRs affected by this	There are two (2) listed and six (6) potential	There are four (4) listed and one (1) potential
	alternative which will require further evaluation in	alternative which will require further evaluation in	BHRs affected by this alternative which will	BHRs affected by this alternative which will require
	order to determine their Cultural Heritage Value	order to determine their Cultural Heritage Value	require further evaluation in order to determine	further evaluation in order to determine their
	and Interest. Once Cultural Heritage Value and	and Interest. Once Cultural Heritage Value and	their Cultural Heritage Value and Interest. Once	Cultural Heritage Value and Interest. Once Cultural
	Interest has been determined, avoidance, protection and mitigation measures must be	Interest has been determined, avoidance,	Cultural Heritage Value and Interest has been determined, avoidance, protection and mitigation	Heritage Value and Interest has been determined, avoidance, protection and mitigation measures
	completed.	protection and mitigation measures must be completed.	measures must be completed.	must be completed.
3.1.2 Heritage Bridges	There are no Heritage Bridges affected	There are no Heritage Bridges affected	There are no Heritage Bridges affected	There are no Heritage Bridges affected by
	by this alternative.	by this alternative.	by this alternative.	this alternative.
	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	There are no Heritage Bridges affected by this	There are no Heritage Bridges affected by this	There are no Heritage Bridges affected by this	There are no Heritage Bridges affected by this
	alternative.	alternative.	alternative.	alternative.
3.1.3 Cultural Heritage Landscapes	There are two (2) listed (CHL 120 and	There is one (1) cemetery (CHL 123)	There are two (2) listed (CHL 120 and	There are two (2) listed (CHL 120 and CHL
	CHL 121) and three (3) potential (CHL	CHL affected by this alternative.	CHL 121) CHLs affected by this	121) and one (1) potential CHL (CHL 122)
	101, CHL 102 and CHL 122) CHLs		alternative.	CHLs affected by this alternative.
	affected by this alternative.			
	MODERATE NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT		MODERATE NET EFFECT
	moservite ite i e i i		MODERATE NET EFFECT	moservite ner en es
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
	There are two (2) listed and three (3) potential	There is one (1) cemetery CHL affected by this	There are two (2) listed CHLs affected by this	There are two (2) listed and one (1) potential CHLs
	CHLs affected by this alternative which will	alternative which will require further evaluation in	alternative which will require further evaluation in	affected by this alternative which will require further
	require further evaluation in order to determine their Cultural Heritage Value and Interest. Once	order to determine their Cultural Heritage Value and Interest. Once Cultural Heritage Value and	order to determine their Cultural Heritage Value	evaluation in order to determine their Cultural Heritage Value and Interest. Once Cultural
	Cultural Heritage Value and Interest has been	Interest has been determined, avoidance,	and Interest. Once Cultural Heritage Value and Interest has been determined, avoidance,	Heritage Value and Interest has been determined,
	determined, avoidance, protection and mitigation	protection and mitigation measures must be	protection and mitigation measures must be	avoidance, protection and mitigation measures
	measures must be completed. While not within	completed.	completed.	must be completed. While not within the
	the alternative, the cemetery is within 100 m and	'	'	alternative, the cemetery is within 100 m and is
	is therefore visually impacted.			therefore visually impacted.
3.2 Archaeology				
3.2.1 Pre-Contact and Contact	No registered sites within this alternative,	No registered sites within this alternative,	No registered sites within this alternative,	No registered sites within this alternative,
Indigenous Archaeological Sites	however archaeological potential is	however archaeological potential is	however archaeological potential is	however archaeological potential is
	present within much of this alternative.	present within much of this alternative.	present within much of this alternative.	present within much of this alternative.
	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
	No registered pre-contact and contact Indigenous sites are present within this alternative. This alternative contains 198 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential.	No registered pre-contact and contact Indigenous sites are present within this alternative. This alternative contains 227 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential.	No registered pre-contact and contact Indigenous sites are present within this alternative. This alternative contains 184 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential.	No registered pre-contact and contact Indigenous sites are present within this alternative. This alternative contains 191 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential.
3.2.2 Historic Euro-Canadian Archaeological Sites	 No registered sites within this alternative, however archaeological potential is present within much of this alternative. 	 No registered sites within this alternative, however archaeological potential is present within much of this alternative. 	 No registered sites within this alternative, however archaeological potential is present within much of this alternative. 	 No registered sites within this alternative, however archaeological potential is present within much of this alternative.
	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
	No registered Historic Euro-Canadian Archaeological Sites are present within this alternative. This alternative contains 198 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential.	No registered Historic Euro-Canadian Archaeological Sites are present within this alternative. This alternative contains 227 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential.	No registered Historic Euro-Canadian Archaeological Sites are present within this alternative. This alternative contains 184 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential.	No registered Historic Euro-Canadian Archaeological Sites are present within this alternative. This alternative contains 191 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential.
3.2.3 Indigenous Burial Sites	No known or reported Indigenous Burial Sites.			
	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT	NO NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	No difference between alternatives.			
3.2.4 Cemeteries	 No registered cemeteries present within this alternative. 	 1 registered cemetery is present within this alternative. 	 No registered cemeteries present within this alternative. 	 No registered cemeteries present within this alternative.
	LOW NET EFFECT	HIGH NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT	LOW NET EFFECT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1 st
	No registered cemeteries are present within this alternative. A total of 198 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential is found within this alternative.	registered cemetery is located within this alternative. As well, a total of 227 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential is present.	No registered cemeteries are present within this alternative. A total of 184 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential is found within this alternative.	No registered cemeteries are present within this alternative. A total of 191 hectares of undisturbed land containing archaeological potential is found within this alternative.
4.0 Transportation 4.1 System Capacity & Efficiency				
4.1.1 Movement of People	 Supports efficient movement of people. Improves transportation options for travellers. 	 Supports efficient movement of people. Improves transportation options for travellers. 	 Supports efficient movement of people. Improves transportation options for travellers. 	 Supports efficient movement of people. Improves transportation options for travellers.
	HIGH CAPACITY & EFFICIENCY			
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.			
4.1.2 Movement of Goods	Supports efficient movement of goods.			
	HIGH CAPACITY & EFFICIENCY			
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.			

S4

Evaluation Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
4.1.3 System performance during peak periods	 Improves system performance during peak periods. 	 Improves system performance during peak periods. 	 Improves system performance during peak periods. 	 Improves system performance during peak periods.
	HIGH PERFORMANCE	HIGH PERFORMANCE	HIGH PERFORMANCE	HIGH PERFORMANCE
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.
4.2 System reliability / redundancy	 Supports system reliability and redundancy. 	 Supports system reliability and redundancy. 	 Supports system reliability and redundancy. 	 Supports system reliability and redundancy.
	HIGH RELIABILITY / REDUNDANCY	HIGH RELIABILITY / REDUNDANCY	HIGH RELIABILITY / REDUNDANCY	HIGH RELIABILITY / REDUNDANCY
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.
4.3 Safety				
4.3.1 Traffic Safety	Improves traffic safety.	Improves traffic safety.	Improves traffic safety.	Improves traffic safety.
	HIGH POTENTIAL FOR IMPROVEMENT	HIGH POTENTIAL FOR IMPROVEMENT	HIGH POTENTIAL FOR IMPROVEMENT	HIGH POTENTIAL FOR IMPROVEMENT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.
4.3.2 Emergency Access	Supports emergency service access /	Supports emergency service access /	Supports emergency service access /	Supports emergency service access /
	routing.	routing.	routing.	routing.
	HIGH ACCESS	HIGH ACCESS	HIGH ACCESS	HIGH ACCESS
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.
4.4 Mobility & Accessibility				
4.4.1 Modal integration and balance	 Improves transportation options for travellers. 	 Improves transportation options for travellers. 	 Improves transportation options for travellers. 	 Improves transportation options for travellers.
	HIGH POTENTIAL FOR IMPROVEMENT	HIGH POTENTIAL FOR IMPROVEMENT	HIGH POTENTIAL FOR IMPROVEMENT	HIGH POTENTIAL FOR IMPROVEMENT
	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1 st
	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.
4.4.2 Linkages to Population and Employment Centres	 Improves linkages to population and employment centres. 	 Improves linkages to population and employment centres. 	 Improves linkages to population and employment centres. 	 Improves linkages to population and employment centres.
	HIGH ACCESSIBILITY	HIGH ACCESSIBILITY	HIGH ACCESSIBILITY	HIGH ACCESSIBILITY
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.
4.4.3 Recreation and Tourism Travel	Supports recreation and tourism travel.	Supports recreation and tourism travel.	Supports recreation and tourism travel.	Supports recreation and tourism travel.
	HIGH SUPPORT	HIGH SUPPORT	HIGH SUPPORT	HIGH SUPPORT
	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.	Comparable net effect to other alternatives.
4.4.4 Accommodation for pedestrians,	High potential to accommodate	High potential to accommodate	High potential to accommodate - Address of the control of th	High potential to accommodate Address of the second opening to the second opening
cyclists, snowmobiles, and specialized vehicles	pedestrians, cyclists and specialized vehicles at grade separated crossings.	pedestrians, cyclists and specialized vehicles at grade separated crossings.	pedestrians, cyclists and specialized vehicles at grade separated crossings.	pedestrians, cyclists and specialized vehicles at grade separated crossings.

## RANKING: 1st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. ## ASSISTANCE OF THE COMPARABLE OF THE C	n Factors and Sub-Factors	Alternative S4-1 - Preferred	Alternative S4-2 Summary of Potential	Alternative S4-3 Net Effects and Ranking	Alternative S4-4
4.5. Network Comparable net effect to other alternatives. Oomparable net effect to other alternatives. Oomparable net effect to other alternatives. Improves network connectivity Improves transportation options for traveleries. Interview traveleries. Improves network connectivity. Interview connectivity. Interview connectivity. Interview connectivity. Interview connectivity. Interview connectivity. Interview connectivi					HIGH ACCOMMODATION
4.5.1 Network connectivity Improves network connectivity. Improves network connectivity. Improves network connectivity. Improves network connectivity. Improves transportation options for travellers. HIGH CONNECTIVITY RANKING: 1 st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. Provides flexibility for future expansion IGH FLEXIBITY RANKING: 1 st RANKIN					
4.5.1 Network connectivity Improves transportation options for travellers. Improves transportation options for travelers. Improves transportation options for travelers. Improves transportation options for travelers. Improves transporta	k Compatibility	Comparable her effect to other alternatives.	Comparable her effect to other afternatives.	Comparable het ellect to other alternatives.	Comparable her effect to other alternatives.
RANKING: 1 st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. 4.5.2 Flexibility for future expansion 4.5.4 Flexibility 4.5.5 Flexibility for future expansion 4.5.5 Flexibility for future expansion 4.5.6 Engineering 4.5.1 Constructability 5. Railway crossing and multiple watercourse crossings. 4.5.6 Engineering 4.5.1 Constructability 6. Railway crossing and multiple watercourse crossings. 4.5.6 Engineering 4.5.7 Comparable net effect to other alternatives. 6. Railway crossing and multiple watercourse crossings. 6. Railway crossing and multiple watercourse crossings. 7. Railway crossing and multiple watercourse crossings. 8. MODERATE POTENTIAL FOR CONSTRUCTABILITY ISSUES 6. CONSTRUCTABILITY ISSUES 6. RAINKING: 1 st 7. RAINKING: 1 st 8. RAINKING: 1 st		 Improves transportation options for 	 Improves transportation options for 	 Improves transportation options for 	 Improves network connectivity. Improves transportation options for travellers.
RANKING: 1 st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. 4.5.2 Flexibility for future expansion Provides flexibility for future expansion. HIGH FLEXIBITY RANKING: 1 st RANKING: 1 ^s		HICH CONNECTIVITY	LICH CONNECTIVITY	LICH CONNECTIVITY	HICH CONNECTIVITY
Provides flexibility for future expansion.					
HIGH FLEXIBITY RANKING: 1st RAN		Comparable net effect to other alternatives.			
## RANKING: 1 st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. ### Comparable net effect to other alternatives. #### Comparable net effect to other alternatives. ###################################	ility for future expansion	Provides flexibility for future expansion.		i	Provides flexibility for future expansion.
## RANKING: 1 st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. ### Comparable net effect to other alternatives. #### Comparable net effect to other alternatives. ###################################		HIGH FLEXIBITY	HIGH ELEXIBITY	HIGH FI FXIBITY	HIGH FLEXIBITY
4.6.1 Constructability **Railway crossing and multiple watercourse crossings.** **Railway crossing and multiple watercourse crossings.** **MODERATE POTENTIAL FOR CONSTRUCTABILITY ISSUES **RANKING: 1st Comparable net effect to other alternatives.** **A.6.2 Compliance with design criteria** **High conformity to safety and design standards.** **High CONFORMITY RANKING: 1st RA					
4.6.1 Constructability Railway crossing and multiple watercourse crossings. MODERATE POTENTIAL FOR CONSTRUCTABILITY ISSUES RANKING: 1 st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. 4.6.2 Compliance with design criteria HIGH CONFORMITY RANKING: 1 st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. Comparable net effec		Comparable net effect to other alternatives.			
watercourse crossings. Moderate Potential For Constructability issues Moderate Potential For Constructability issues Rankling: 1st Ra	ering	·			
CONSTRUCTABILITY ISSUES RANKING: 1st RANKING	ructability				 Railway crossing and multiple watercourse crossings.
Comparable net effect to other alternatives. 4.6.2 Compliance with design criteria • High conformity to safety and design standards. • Comparable net effect to other alternatives. • Estimated Cost \$205 Million • Estimated Cost					MODERATE POTENTIAL FOR CONSTRUCTABILITY ISSUES
4.6.2 Compliance with design criteria • High conformity to safety and design standards. • Comparable net effect to other alternatives. Comparable net		RANKING: 1 st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
standards. Standards		Comparable net effect to other alternatives.			
RANKING: 1st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. 4.7 Construction Cost Estimated Cost \$205 Million MODERATE RELATIVE COST HIGH RELATIVE COST RANKING: 1st RANKING:	liance with design criteria			, , ,	 High conformity to safety and design standards.
RANKING: 1st RANKING: 1st RANKING: 1st RANKING: 1st RANKING: 1st Comparable net effect to other alternatives. 4.7 Construction Cost • Estimated Cost \$205 Million MODERATE RELATIVE COST HIGH RELATIVE COST RANKING: 1st RANKIN		HIGH CONFORMITY	HIGH CONFORMITY	HIGH CONFORMITY	HIGH CONFORMITY
4.7 Construction Cost • Estimated Cost \$205 Million • Estimated Cost \$211 Million • Estimated Cost \$205 Million • MODERATE RELATIVE COST RANKING: 1st Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-3 and S4-4. • Complies with design standards and maintains local road network connectivity. • Estimated Cost \$205 Million • Comparable Relative Cost on Moderate Relative Cost on Relative Cost on Alternatives S4-1 and S4-4. • Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-4. • Complies with design standards and maintains local road network connectivity but may result in less than desirable • Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-4. • Complies with design standards and maintains local road network connectivity.					
MODERATE RELATIVE COST RANKING: 1st RANKING: 4th RANKING: 1st Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-3 and S4-4. 4.8 Traffic Operations MODERATE RELATIVE COST RANKING: 4th RANKING: 1st RANKING:		Comparable net effect to other alternatives.			
RANKING: 1st Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-3 and S4-4. 4.8 Traffic Operations Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-3 and S4-4. Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1, S4-3 and S4-4. Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-4. Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-4. Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 S4-3. Comparable relative cost to Alternative S4-1 S4-3. Comparable relative co	uction Cost	Estimated Cost \$205 Million	Estimated Cost \$211 Million	Estimated Cost \$205 Million	Estimated Cost \$204 Million
Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-3 and S4-4. Higher relative cost then Alternatives S4-1, S4-3 and S4-4. Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-4. Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-4. Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 S4-3. Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 comparable relative cost to Alt		MODERATE RELATIVE COST	HIGH RELATIVE COST	MODERATE RELATIVE COST	MODERATE RELATIVE COST
4.8 Traffic Operations • Complies with design standards and maintains local road network connectivity. • Complies with design standards and maintains local road network connectivity but may result in less than desirable • Complies with design standards and maintains local road network connectivity but may result in less than desirable • Complies with design standards and maintains local road network connectivity. • Complies with design standards and maintains local road network connectivity connectivity.		RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 4 th	RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
maintains local road network maintains local road network connectivity maintains local road network maintains local road network connectivity. maintains local road network connectivity.					Comparable relative cost to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-3.
geometry for required road realignments.	Operations	maintains local road network	maintains local road network connectivity	maintains local road network	Complies with design standards and maintains local road network connectivity.
LOW POTENTIAL FOR NEGATIVE EFFECT MODERATE POTENTIAL FOR NEGATIVE LOW POTENTIAL FOR NEGATIVE EFFECT LOW POTENTIAL FOR NEGATIVE EFFECT		LOW POTENTIAL FOR NEGATIVE EFFECT		LOW POTENTIAL FOR NEGATIVE EFFECT	LOW POTENTIAL FOR NEGATIVE EFFECT
RANKING: 1 st RANKING: 4 th RANKING: 1 st RANKING: 1 st RANKING: 1 st		RANKING: 1 st		RANKING: 1st	RANKING: 1st
Comparable net effect to Alternatives S4-3 and S4-4. Higher negative effect then Alternatives S4-1, S4- Comparable net effect to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-4. Comparable net effect to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-4. S4-4.	C	·		· •	Comparable net effect to Alternatives S4-1 and S4-3.